B. Claims

The following is a complete listing of the claims, and replaces all earlier versions and listings.

1. (Currently Amended) A polyhydroxyalkanoate comprising one or more units represented by the chemical formula (1) in a molecule;

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R \\
N-H \\
= 0 \\
(CH_2)m \\
\hline
- \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right) Z_{1a} - 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\end{array}$$
wherein R represents -A₁-SO

wherein R represents -A₁-SO₂R₁, R₁ represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{1a}, R_{1a} and A₁ each independently represent a group having a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic hydrocarbon structure, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, Z_{1a} represents a linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof thereof, Z_{1b} represents a hydrogen atom, or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group, which may be substituted by an aryl group, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and if more than one unit of the chemical formula (1) is present, each of when multiple units exist, R, R₁, R_{1a}, A₁,

 Z_{1a} , Z_{1b} , and m each is independently have the above meaning selected for each unit.

2. (Withdrawn-Currently Amended) A-The polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 1, comprising one or more units each represented by the chemical formula (2), (3), (4A), or (4B) in a molecule as the one or more units each represented by the chemical formula (1):

$$\begin{array}{c} SO_2R_2 \\ A_2 \\ N-H \\ = O \\ (CH_2)m \\ \hline \\ Z_{1b} \end{array}$$

wherein R_2 represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{2a} , R_{2a} represents a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group, A_2 represents a linear or branched alkylene group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, Z_{1a} represents a linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, Z_{1b} represents a hydrogen atom, atom or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group, which may be substituted by an aryl group, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8,

and if more than one unit of the chemical formula (2) is present, each of when multiple units exist, A_2 , R_2 , R_{2a} , Z_{1a} , Z_{1b} , and m each-is independently have the above meaningselected for each unit;

wherein R_{3a}, R_{3b}, R_{3c}, R_{3d}, and R_{3e} each independently represent SO₂R_{3f} (R_{3f} represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{3f} (R_{3f} represents a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group)), a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an OH group, an NH₂ group, an NO₂ group, COOR_{3g} (R_{3g} represents an H atom, an Na atom, or a K atom), an acetamide group, an OPh group, an NHPh group, a CF₃ group, a C₂F₅ group, or a C₃F₇ group (Ph represents a phenyl group), and at least one of these groups represents SO₂R_{3f}, Z_{3a} represents a linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and

a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, Z_{3b} represents a hydrogen atom, atom or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group, which may be substituted by an aryl group, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and if more than one unit of the chemical formula (3) is present, each of when multiple units exist, R_{3a} , R_{3b} , R_{3c} , R_{3d} , R_{3e} , R_{3f} , R_{3g} , Z_{1a} , Z_{1b} , and m each is independently have the above meaningselected for each unit,

where:

R_{3f} is OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{3f1};

R_{3f1} is a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group;

R_{3g} is H, Na, or K; and

Ph is a phenyl group;

$$R_{4g}$$
 R_{4g}
 R_{4g}
 R_{4d}
 R_{4b}
 R

wherein R_{4a} , R_{4b} , R_{4c} , R_{4d} , R_{4e} , R_{4f} , and R_{4g} each independently represent

SO₂R₄₀ (R₄₀ represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR₄₀₁ (R₄₀₁ represents a linear or branched alkyl-group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl-group)), a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an OH group, an NH₂ group, an NO₂ group, COOR_{4n} (R_{4n} represents an H atom, an Na atom, or a K atom), an acetamide group, an OPh group, an NHPh group, a CF₃ group, a C₂F₅ group, or a C₃F₇ group (Ph represents a phenyl group), and at least one of these groups represents SO₂R₄₀, Z_{1a} represents a linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, Z_{1b} represents a hydrogen atom, atom or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group, which may be substituted by an aryl group, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and if more than one unit of the chemical formula (4A) is present, each of when multiple units exist, R_{4a} , R_{4b} , R_{4c} , R_{4d} , R_{4e} , R_{4f} , R_{4g} , R_{4o} , R_{4o1} , R_{4p} , Z_{1a} , and Z_{1b} , and m each is independently have the above meaningselected for each unit,

where:

R₄₀ is OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR₄₀₁;

 R_{401} is a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group;

R_{4p} is H, Na, or K; and

Ph is a phenyl group; and

$$R_{4m}$$
 R_{4n}
 R_{4h}
 R

wherein R_{4h}, R_{4i}, R_{4i}, R_{4k}, R_{4h}, R_{4m}, and R_{4n} each independently represent SO₂R_{4o} (R_{4o} represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{4o1} (R_{4o1} represents a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group)), a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an alkoxy group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an OH group, an NH₂ group, an NO₂ group, COOR_{4p} (R_{4p} represents an H atom, an Na atom, or a K atom), an acetamide group, an OPh group, an NHPh group, a CF₃ group, a C₂F₅ group, or a C₃F₇ group (Ph represents a phenyl group), and at least one of these groups represents SO₂R_{4o}, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8—, Z_{1a} represents a linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a

terminal thereof, Z_{1b} represents a hydrogen atom, atom or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group, which may be substituted by an aryl group, and if more than one unit of the chemical formula (4B) is present, each of when multiple units exist, R_{4h} , R_{4i} , R_{4j} , R_{4k} , R_{4h} , R_{4m} , R_{4n} , R_{4n} , R_{40} , R_{40} , R_{4p} , Z_{1a} , Z_{1b} , and m each is independently have the above meaning selected for each unit.

where:

R₄₀ is OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR₄₀₁;

R₄₀₁ is a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 8 carbon atoms, or a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group;

R_{4p} is H, Na, or K; and

Ph is a phenyl group.

3. (Withdrawn) A polyhydroxyalkanoate comprising one or more units represented by the chemical formula (5):

wherein R_5 represents hydrogen, a group for forming a salt, or R_{5a} , R_{5a} represents a linear or branched alkyl or aralkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, or a group having a saccharide, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, Z_{5a} represents a

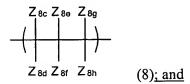
linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, Z_{5b} represents a hydrogen atom, or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group which may be substituted by an aryl group, and when multiple units exist, R_{5} , R_{5a} , Z_{5a} , Z_{5b} , and m each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

- 4. (Currently Amended) A-The polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 1, wherein the linear alkylene chain structure represented by Z_{1a} in the chemical formula (1) is selected from the following-group consisting of (A) to (D):
- (A) when the linear alkylene chain has 1 carbon atom, in the linear alkylene chain structure represented by the chemical formula (6), one of Z_{6c} and Z_{6d} represents a linear or branched alkyl group, or an alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, thereof:

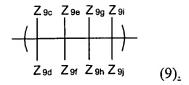
(B) when the linear alkylene chain has 2 carbon atoms, in the linear

alkylene chain structure represented by the chemical formula (7), one of Z_{7c} , Z_{7d} , Z_{7e} , and R_{7f} represents a linear or branched alkyl group, or an alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, thereof:

(C) when the linear alkylene chain has 3 carbon atoms, in the linear alkylene chain structure represented by the chemical formula (8), one of Z_{8c} , Z_{8d} , Z_{8e} , Z_{8g} , and Z_{8h} represents a linear or branched alkyl group, or an alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, thereof:

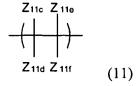


(D) when the linear alkylene chain has 4 carbon atoms, in the linear alkylene chain structure represented by the chemical formula (9), one of Z_{9c} , Z_{9d} , Z_{9e} , Z_{9f} , Z_{9g} , Z_{9h} , Z_{9i} , and Z_{9j} represents a linear or branched alkyl group, or an alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof thereof:

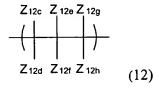


- (Withdrawn) A polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 3,
 wherein the linear alkylene chain structure represented by Z_{5a} in the chemical formula
 is selected from the following (A) to (D):
- (A) when the linear alkylene chain has 1 carbon atom, in the linear alkylene chain structure represented by the chemical formula (10), one of Z_{10c} and Z_{10d} represents a linear or branched alkyl group, or an alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof,

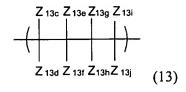
(B) when the linear alkylene chain has 2 carbon atoms, in the linear alkylene chain structure represented by the chemical formula (11), one of Z_{11c} , Z_{11d} , Z_{11e} , and Z_{11f} represents a linear or branched alkyl group, or an alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof,



(C) when the linear alkylene chain has 3 carbon atoms, in the linear alkylene chain structure represented by the chemical formula (12), one of Z_{12c} , Z_{12d} , Z_{12e} , Z_{12g} , and Z_{12h} represents a linear or branched alkyl group, or an alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof,



(D) when the linear alkylene chain has 4 carbon atoms, in the linear alkylene chain structure represented by the chemical formula (13), one of Z_{13c} , Z_{13d} , Z_{13e} , Z_{13f} , Z_{13g} , Z_{13h} , Z_{13i} , and Z_{13j} represents a linear or branched alkyl group, or an alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof.



6. (Currently Amended) A The polyhydroxyalkanoate according to

claim 4 or 5, wherein when a substituent selected from Z_{6c} , Z_{6d} , Z_{7c} , Z_{7d} , Z_{7e} , Z_{7f} , Z_{8c} , Z_{8d} , Z_{8e} , Z_{8f} , Z_{8g} , Z_{8h} , Z_{9c} , Z_{9d} , Z_{9e} , Z_{9f} , Z_{9g} , Z_{9h} , Z_{9j} , Z_{9j} , Z_{10c} , Z_{10d} , Z_{11e} , Z_{11d} , Z_{11e} , Z_{11f} , Z_{12c} , Z_{12d} , Z_{12e} , Z_{12f} , Z_{12g} , Z_{12h} , Z_{13c} , Z_{13d} , Z_{13e} , Z_{13f} , Z_{13g} , Z_{13h} , Z_{13i} , and Z_{13j} described in the chemical formulae (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), and (13) represents a linear or branched alkyl group, or an alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, the substituent is selected from substituents represented by the group consisting of chemical formulae (14), (15), (16), and (17):

$$--(CH_2)k_{14}-CH_3$$
 (14),

wherein k_{14} represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units existif more than one unit of the chemical formula (14) is present, k_{14} is, k_{14} 's each independently have the above meaningselected for each unit, unit;

$$-(CH_2)k_{15}$$
 CH_3 CH_3 (15),

wherein k_{15} represents an integer selected from 0 to 7, and <u>if more than one</u> unit of the chemical formula (15) is present, k_{15} is when multiple units exist, k_{15} 's each independently have the above meaningselected for each unit, unit;

$$--(CH_2)k_{16}-R_{16}$$
 (16),

wherein k_{16} represents an integer selected from 1 to 8, R_{16} represents a substituent containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure and a thienyl

structure, and if more than one unit of the chemical formula (16) is present, k_{16} is when multiple units exist, k_{16} and R_{16} each independently have the above meaning selected for each unit, unit; and

$$-(CH_2)k_{17}$$
 R_{17} (17),

wherein R₁₇ represents a substituent to a cyclohexyl group selected from an H atom, a CN group, an NO₂ group, a halogen atom, a CH₃ group, a C₂H₅ group, a C₃H₇ group, a CF₃ group, a C₂F₅ group, and a C₃F₇ group, k₁₇ represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and if more than one unit of the chemical formula (17) is present, each of k₁₇ and R₁₇ is when multiple units exist, k₁₇ and R₁₇ each independently have the above meaningselected for each unit.

7. (Currently Amended) A-The polyhydroxyalkanoate according to claim 6, wherein R₁₆ in the chemical formula (16), which is a residue having any one of a phenyl structure and a thienyl structure, is selected from the group consisting of residues represented by the chemical formulae (18), (19), (20), (21), (22), (23), (24), (25), (26), (27), and (28),(28):

the chemical formula (18) below-representing a group of an unsubstituted or substituted phenyl groups, group:

wherein R₁₈ represents a substituent to an aromatic ring selected from an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, an NO₂ group, a CH₃ group, a C₂H₅ group, a C₃H₇ group, a CH=CH₂ group, a CF₃ group, a C₂F₅ group, a C₃F₇ group, and COOR_{18a} where R_{18a} is H, Na, or K(R_{18a} represents an H atom, an Na atom, or a K atom), a CF₃ group, a C₂F₅ group, and a C₃F₇ group, and when multiple units existif more than one unit of the chemical formula (18) is present, R_{18.7} R₁₈'s may be different is independently selected for each unit, unit;

the chemical formula (19) below-representing a group of an unsubstituted or substituted phenoxy groups, group:

wherein R₁₉ represents a substituent to an aromatic ring selected from an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, an NO₂ group, a CH₃ group, a C₂H₅ group, a C₃H₇ group, a SCH₃ group, a CF₃ group, a C₂F₅ group, and a C₃F₇ group, and if more than one unit of the chemical formula (19) is present, R₁₉ is independently selected when multiple units exist, R₁₉'s may be different for each unit, unit;

the chemical formula (20) below-representing a group of an unsubstituted or substituted benzoyl groups, group:

wherein R₂₀ represents a substituent to an aromatic ring selected from an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, an NO₂ group, a CH₃ group, a C₂H₅ group, a C₃H₇ group, a SCH₃ group, a CF₃ group, a C₂F₅ group, and a C₃F₇ group, and if more than one unit of the chemical formula (20) is present, R₂₀ is independently selected when multiple units exist, R₂₀'s may be different for each unit, unit;

the chemical formula (21) below-representing a group of an unsubstituted or substituted phenylsulfanyl groups, group:

wherein R₂₁ represents a substituent to an aromatic ring selected from an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, an NO₂ group, COOR_{21a}, SO₂R_{21b} (R_{21a} represents H, Na, K, CH₃, or C₂H₅, and R_{21b} represents OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH₃, or OC₂H₅), a CH₃ group, a C₂H₅ group, a C₃H₇ group, a (CH₃)₂-CH group, and a (CH₃)₃-C group, COOR_{21a}, and SO₂R_{21b}, where R_{21a} is H, Na, K, CH₃, or C₂H₅, and R_{21b} is OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH₃, or OC₂H₅, and if more than one unit of the chemical formula (21) is present, R₂₁ is independently selected when multiple units exist, R₂₁'s may be different for each unit, unit;

the chemical formula (22) below-representing a group of an unsubstituted or

substituted (phenylmethyl)sulfanyl groups;group:

$$R_{22}$$
 CH_2 $S-$ (22),

wherein R₂₂ represents a substituent to an aromatic ring selected from an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, an NO₂ group, COOR_{22a}, SO₂R_{22b} (R_{22a} represents H, Na, K, CH₃, or C₂H₅, and R_{22b} represents OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH₃, or OC₂H₅), a CH₃ group, a C₂H₅ group, a C₃H₇ group, a (CH₃)₂-CH group, and a (CH₃)₃-C group, COOR_{22a}, and SO₂R_{22b}, where R_{22a} is H, Na, K, CH₃, or C₂H₅, and R_{22b} is OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH₃, or OC₂H₅, and if more than one unit of the chemical formula (22) is present, R₂₂ is independently selected when multiple units exist, R₂₂'s may be different for each unit; unit;

the chemical formula (23) below-representing a 2-thienyl group; group:

the chemical formula (24) below-representing a 2-thienylsulfanyl group; group:

the chemical formula (25) below-representing a 2-thienylcarbonyl group:

the chemical formula (26) below-representing a group of an unsubstituted or substituted phenylsulfinyl groups, group:

wherein R₂₆ represents a substituent to an aromatic ring selected from an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, an NO₂ group, COOR_{26a}, SO₂R_{26b} (R_{26a} represents H, Na, K, CH₃, or C₂H₅, and R_{26b} represents OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH₃, or OC₂H₅), a CH₃ group, a C₂H₅ group, a C₃H₇ group, a (CH₃)₂-CH group, and a (CH₃)₃-C group, COOR_{26a}, and SO₂R_{26b}, where R_{26a} is H, Na, K, CH₃, or C₂H₅, and R_{26b} is OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH₃, or OC₂H₅, and if more than one unit of the chemical formula (26) is present, R₂₆ is independently selected when multiple units exist, R₂₆'s may be different for each unit, unit;

the chemical formula (27) below-representing a group of an unsubstituted or substituted phenylsulfonyl groups, group:

wherein R₂₇ represents a substituent to an aromatic ring selected from an H atom, a halogen atom, a CN group, an NO₂ group, COOR₂₇₆, SO₂R₂₇₆ (R₂₇₆ represents H,

Na, K, CH₃, or C₂H₅, and R_{27b} represents OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH₂, or OC₂H₅), a CH₃ group, a C₂H₅ group, a C₃H₇ group, a (CH₃)₂-CH group, and a (CH₃)₃-C group, COOR_{27a}, and SO₂R_{27b}, where R_{27a} is H, Na, K, CH₃, or C₂H₅, and R_{27b} is OH, ONa, OK, a halogen atom, OCH₃, or OC₂H₅, and if more than one unit of the chemical formula (27) is present, R₂₇ is independently selected when multiple units exist, R₂₇'s may be different-for each unit; unit;

the chemical formula (28) below-representing a (phenylmethyl)oxy group; group:

8. (Withdrawn) A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (1), comprising the step of subjecting a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (29) and at least one kind of amine compound represented by the chemical formula (30) to a condensation reaction,

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
COOR_{29} \\
(CH_2)m \\
\hline
\begin{pmatrix} \parallel \\ O \\ Z_{29b} \end{pmatrix} - O \\
\end{array}$$
(29)

wherein R₂₉ represents hydrogen or a group for forming a salt, m represents

an integer selected from 0 to 8, Z_{29a} represents a linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, Z_{29b} represents a hydrogen atom, or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group which may be substituted by an aryl group, and when multiple units exist, R_{29} , Z_{29a} , Z_{29b} , and m each independently have the above meaning for each unit,

$$H_2N - A_3 - SO_2R_{30}$$
 (30)

wherein R_{30} represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{30a} , R_{30a} and A_3 are each independently selected from groups each having a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic hydrocarbon structure, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, and when multiple units exist, R_{30} , R_{30a} , and A_3 each independently have the above meaning for each unit,

wherein R represents $-A_1$ -SO₂R₁. R₁ represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{1a}, R_{1a} and A₁ each independently represent a group having a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic hydrocarbon structure, a substituted or

unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, Z_{1a} represents a linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, Z_{1b} represents a hydrogen atom, or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group which may be substituted by an aryl group, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units exist, R, R_{1a} , A_{1a} , Z_{1a} , Z_{1b} , and m each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

9. (Withdrawn) A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (32), comprising the step of hydrolyzing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (31) in the presence of an acid or an alkali or the step of subjecting the polyhydroxyalkanoate to hydrogenolysis including catalytic reduction,

$$COOR_{31}$$

$$(CH_2)m$$

$$Z_{31a}-O$$

$$Z_{31b}$$
(31)

wherein R_{31} represents a linear or branched alkyl or aralkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, Z_{31a} represents a linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the

linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, Z_{31b} represents a hydrogen atom, or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group which may be substituted by an aryl group, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units exist, R_{31} , Z_{31a} , Z_{31b} , and m each independently have the above meaning for each unit,

$$\begin{array}{c}
COOR_{32} \\
(CH_2)m \\
\downarrow \\
COOR_{32}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
COOR_{32} \\
\downarrow \\
COOR_{32}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
COOR_{32} \\
COOR_{32}
\end{array}$$

wherein R₃₂ represents hydrogen or a group for forming a salt, Z_{32a} represents a linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, Z_{32b} represents a hydrogen atom, or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group which may be substituted by an aryl group, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units exist, R₃₂, Z_{32a}, Z_{32b}, and m each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

10. (Withdrawn) A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (35), comprising the steps of:

allowing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (33) to react with a base; and

allowing the compound obtained in the foregoing step to react with a compound represented by the chemical formula (34),

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & H \\
\hline
 & Z_{33a} - O \\
\hline
 & Z_{33b}
\end{array}$$
(33)

wherein Z_{33a} represents a linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, Z_{33b} represents a hydrogen atom, or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group which may be substituted by an aryl group, and when multiple units exist, Z_{33a} and Z_{33b} each independently have the above meaning for each unit,

$$X(CH_2)mCOOR_{34}$$
 (34)

wherein m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, X represents a halogen atom, and R_{34} represents a linear or branched alkyl or aralkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms,

wherein R_{35} represents a linear or branched alkyl or aralkyl group having 1 to 12 carbon atoms, Z_{35a} represents a linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, Z_{35b} represents a hydrogen atom, or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group which may be substituted by an aryl group, m represents an integer selected from 0 to 8, and when multiple units exist, R_{35} , Z_{35a} , Z_{35b} , and m each independently have the above meaning for each unit.

11. (Withdrawn) A method of producing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (38), comprising the steps of:

allowing a polyhydroxyalkanoate containing a unit represented by the chemical formula (36) to react with a base; and

allowing the compound obtained in the foregoing step to react with a compound represented by the chemical formula (37),

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & H \\
\hline
 & Z_{36a} - O \\
\hline
 & Z_{36b}
\end{array}$$
(36)

wherein Z_{36a} represents a linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure,

and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, Z_{36b} represents a hydrogen atom, or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group which may be substituted by an aryl group, and when multiple units exist, Z_{36a} and Z_{36b} each independently have the above meaning for each unit,

wherein R₃₇ represents -A₃₇-SO₂R_{37a}. R_{37a} represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{37b}, R_{37b} and A₃₇ are each independently selected from groups each having a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic hydrocarbon structure, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic structure, and when multiple units exist, R₃₇, R_{37a}, R_{37b}, and A₃₇ each independently have the above meaning for each unit,

wherein R₃₈ represents -A₃₈-SO₂R_{38a}, R_{38a} represents OH, a halogen atom, ONa, OK, or OR_{38b}, R_{38b} and A₃₈ each independently represent a group having a substituted or unsubstituted aliphatic hydrocarbon structure, a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic ring structure, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic

structure, Z_{38a} represents a linear alkylene chain having 1 to 4 carbon atoms, the linear alkylene chain has at least one linear or branched alkyl group, or at least one alkyl group containing a residue having any one of a phenyl structure, a thienyl structure, and a cyclohexyl structure at a terminal thereof, Z_{38b} represents a hydrogen atom, or a linear or branched alkyl group, aryl group, or aralkyl group which may be substituted by an aryl group, and when multiple units exist, R₃₈, R_{38a}, R_{38b}, A₃₈, Z_{38a}, and Z_{38b} each independently have the above meaning for each unit.